

# The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV--NO. 87.

INDIANAPOLIS, SATURDAY MORNING MARCH 28, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,152.

## WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR SATURDAY. Partly cloudy weather; local rains, generally followed by fair and slightly colder weather; winds generally northerly; rising barometer.

Just notice the Department of the

**WHEN**  
Clothing Store

That is devoted to

**Spring Overcoats.**

Variety, Style and Price are the points to be noticed in particular.

**Cuticura**

Infantile Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers.

Absolutely Pure and Safe from the Moment of Birth.

INFANTILE and Birth Humors, Milk Crust, Scald Head, Eczema, and every form of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Scrofulous and Inherited Diseases of the Blood, Skin and Scalp, with loss of Hair, from Infancy to Age, cured by the Cuticura Remedies, the new blood purifier, internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the great skin cures, externally. Absolutely pure and safe, and may be used from the moment of birth.

## "OUR LITTLE BOY."

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Stebbins, Belchertown, Mass., writes: "Our little boy was terribly afflicted with Scrofula, Salt Rheum and Erysipelas ever since he was born, and nothing we could give him helped him until we tried Cuticura Remedies, which gradually cured him, until he is now as fair as any child."

## "WORKS TO A CHARM."

J. S. Weeks, Esq., Town Treasurer, St. Albans, Vt., writes in a letter dated May 28: "It works to a charm on my baby's face and heath. Cured the need entirely, and has nearly cleared the face of sores. I have recommended it to several, and Dr. Flint has ordered it for them."

## "A TERRIBLE CASE."

Charles Eyrre Hinkle, Jersey City Heights, N. J., writes: "My son, a lad of twelve years, was completely cured of a terrible case of Eczema by the Cuticura Remedies. From the top of his head to the soles of his feet was one mass of scabs. Every other remedy and physician had been tried in vain."

## FOR PALE, LANGUID,

Emaciated children, with pimply, yellow skin, the Cuticura Remedies will prove a perfect blessing, cleansing the blood and skin of inherited impurities and expelling the germs of scrofula, rheumatism, consumption and severe skin diseases. Sold everywhere. Price: Cuticura, 50 cents; Resolvent, 1.00; Soap, 25 cents. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

## Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

**BABY** Use Cuticura Soap, an exquisitely perfumed Skin Beautifier, Toilet, Bath and Nursery Soap.

**KNABE**  
AND  
**HALLET & DAVIS**  
**PIANOS**

Are Superior to all others in several essential points, which can easily be seen by any one who will take the time to investigate. We solicit comparison.

**Theo Pfafflin & Co.**

83 and 84 North Pennsylvania St.

Tuning, repairing and moving given prompt attention. Satisfaction guaranteed.

**WHITE SHIRTS.**

We are pleased indeed with our enormous trade on White Laundered and Unlaundered Shirts. We undoubtedly sell more Shirts than any other two houses in this city combined. This is due to the fact that we give the very best qualities of linen and muslin, and pay more to have our Shirts made than other dealers. Just at present we are having a large sale on our 50 and 75 cent Unlaundered White Shirts, the very best for the money offered in this city.

**MODEL.**

Those in need of Confirmation Suits should see our large variety and unequalled low prices.

## GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

Senate Adjourns Before the Nominations Are Sent In—Senate to Remain in Session Until Next Thursday.

Destructive Fire in Indiana—A Battle With Riel in the Northwest.

## NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

The Commissioner of Pensions Issues a Circular—South American Cable Cut—Delayed Nominations, Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Commissioner Black to-day issued the following circular: To advance any pension claim out of its order is to retard by so much the adjustment of thousands of others which precede it in order of filing. To prevent the possibility of fraudulent impositions upon the Pension Office, it is announced that no claims will be made special; that is, taken out of their order for expedition, unless such reasons as will justify as will in the judgment of the commissioner warrant such action. Were the thousands of claimants themselves are unimpaired by those disinterested persons will not be deemed sufficient to warrant such special action.

Information has been received at the Department of State that the Central and South American cable was cut last Thursday by some of Barrios' sympathizers. It was repaired immediately by the company.

Assistant Secretary of the Interior Muldrow, Commissioner of Indian Affairs Atkins, and Commissioner of the Land Office Sowers qualified to-day, and entered upon the discharge of their official duties.

Several nominations were prepared for delivery to the Senate this afternoon, but the unusually early adjournment of that body prevented their reception. It is understood, however, that among them were those of General Joseph E. Johnston, of Virginia, to be Commissioner of Railroads, and of Norman J. Coleman, of Missouri, to be Commissioner of Agriculture. Coleman is a resident of St. Louis, about sixty years of age, and was for many years editor of the Rural Home, an agricultural paper published in St. Louis.

The Senate Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads has to-day been investigating a spurious publication at the Government Printing Office of an alleged report of the committee and its circulation through the channels provided for public documents. The document, which made its first appearance yesterday, bears the usual formal of the Senate heading, and is numbered "Report 577, part 3."

The Secretary of the Treasury has addressed letters to the Governors of the States of Kentucky, West Virginia, Minnesota and Nebraska requesting their co-operation in the effort which the Federal Government is making to have the Legislatures of States accede to the United States the jurisdiction of the territory of the States for public buildings to be erected at Lexington, Clarksville, Winona and Nebraska City.

The Critic says: "Secretary Endicott states that no orders have yet been issued General Hatch to clear out Oklahoma. The President's proclamation ordered that all occupants of Oklahoma, whether settlers or cattlemen, should vacate, and a reasonable time will be allowed for them to comply. In the event of their failure to remove the Interior Department will take steps to free the territory of all intruders, and if the assistance of the army is required it will be given."

Among the nominations prepared for transmission to the Senate to-day was that of Captain Wm. J. Volkmar, of the Fifth Cavalry, to be Major and Assistant Adjutant General.

It is said another of the delayed nominations designated Captain George H. Barton, of the First Infantry, for appointment to fill the vacancy of Major in the Inspector General's Department.

The President has recognized Gabriel Schindler, Consul of the Swiss Confederation for Oregon and the Territories of Washington and Idaho, to reside at Portland. Hon. Henry S. Neal, Solicitor of the Treasury, tendered his resignation, to take effect on the appointment of his successor, Alexander McCune, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has been tendered the position and will probably be nominated on Monday.

Judge McCune is a lawyer of high standing, and a man of considerable means. He is fifty-five years of age, and has just retired from the bench of the City Court of Brooklyn. It is understood that his appointment was made at the instance of Assistant Secretary Fairchild.

The horses and carriages belonging to the Interior Department were sold at auction to-day. The Secretary's pair of bays sold for \$318, and the large, double carriage for \$300.

## Continuations.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Postmasters—James E. Neet, Versailles, Ky.; Henry D. Beach, Coshocton, O.; Henry C. Cassidy, Youngstown, O.; John Melham, Topeka, Kas.; Vincent J. Lane, Wyandott, Kas.; J. M. De Armond, Davenport, Ia.; M. H. Ham, Dubuque, Ia.; Joseph C. Lander, State Center, Ia.; Henry C. Shannon, Erie, Pa.; Robert O. Denton, Gainesville, Tex.; Wm. A. Wortham, Sulphur Springs, Tex.; W. R. White, Prescott, Ark.; John Cunningham, Mattoon, Ill.; J. Knox Hall, Toulon, Ill.; Sordani Bates, South Bend, Ind.; Willis G. Neff, Greencastle, Ind.; David O. Irwin, Lake City, Minn.; George W. Cate, Stevens Point, Wis.

Thomas C. Crenshaw, Jr., Collector Internal Revenue, District of Georgia.

## Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Senate met at noon, and immediately went into executive session.

The committee appointed to wait upon the President reported that they had performed their duty, and that the President had expressed a wish that the Senate should remain in session until next Thursday.

When the doors were reopened the Senate adjourned until Monday.

## Personals.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Allen Morgan, nephew of Vice President Hendricks, has been appointed messenger to the Vice President's room vice Healy removed.

Representatives Lowry, Holman, Matson, Bynum and Senator Voorhees are the only members of the Indiana delegation remaining here yet, and most of them will be away by the middle of next week.

W. H. Calkins was about the Supreme Court to-day, but was informed he could not argue his case until Monday or Tuesday, on account of the Virginia Coupon Bond case being under hearing.

Representatives Lowry and Bynum were among the President's callers to-day.

Speaker Carlisle arrived here to-night, to assist Phil Thompson, of Kentucky, to get an appointment.

General good feeling prevails among Indians to-night over the appointment of Aquilla Jones Postmaster at Indianapolis. Little is said about the matter now.

## THE FIRE RECORD.

A Disasterous Fire Occurs at Oakland City—The Loss Various Estimated.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 27.—A special to the Evening Public from Oakland City, Ind., says a terrible conflagration broke out this morning at Joseph Wahrsieder's saloon, on Main street, and spread all over the square in a short time. Many buildings were in flames, and fourteen buildings were burned. The total loss is variously estimated at from \$40,000 to \$100,000, on which there is about \$40,000 insurance. Everybody is excited at this hour, and the losses, so far as ascertained, are as follows: J. D. Davis, saloon and fixtures, loss, \$1,000; insured for \$1,000; Frank Pailner, barber shop, loss, \$100; insured, Dr. W. L. West, stock of drugs and building, loss, \$6,000; insured for \$1,000; Dr. W. H. Stewart, business building, loss, \$2,500; insured for \$1,000; James Wahrsieder, saloon and fixtures, loss, \$1,800; insured for \$1,100; J. H. McConnell, business building, loss, \$1,000; insured for \$400; Dr. J. McGowan, dwelling and business house, loss, \$2,400; insured for \$1,800; Albert Dentch, stock of groceries, loss, \$1,000; insured, Jenkins Bros., building and stock of general merchandise, loss, \$1,500; insured, Mrs. J. Martin, millinery, loss, \$800; no insurance. R. A. Castetter, building and stock of groceries, loss, \$2,000; insured, \$750; Lewis Esman, household furniture, loss, \$300; John Beasley, dwelling and goods, loss, \$3,000; no insurance. Robert Rudder, photograph gallery, loss, \$200; W. Specland, barber shop, loss, \$150; insured, L. T. Robinson, loss on building, \$200; no insurance. J. H. Kott, household goods, loss, \$50; no insurance. There are several other serious losses, but they could not be obtained this morning. The fire was of incendiary origin. For a time it seemed as if the whole town would be swept out of existence.

## Michigan Carbon Works Burned.

CHICAGO, March 27.—A Detroit special says the Michigan Carbon Works at Roquetteville, a suburb of that city, have been on fire since 1 o'clock this morning, and the fire is still raging. The loss may reach half a million dollars; insurance, \$20,000. The fire was got under control with a loss of \$150,000; insurance \$15,000.

## Other Fire Losses.

DAYTON, March 27.—The Ohio Linseed Oil company's mills, at Harries station, about three miles east of Dayton, burned last night, with contents, involving a loss of over \$50,000; insured \$50,000.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Fire in 65 and 68 Duane street, occupied by the National Blank-book company, John T. Diener, manufacturer of envelopes, and Hood & Greef, printers, caused a loss of \$80,000.

MEMPHIS, March 27.—C. Armstrong & Co.'s furniture house burned last night, loss on stock, \$25,000; insurance, \$15,000. The building was owned by J. L. Lake, and was valued at \$12,000; insured for \$6,000. Ten firemen were caught by a falling wall, and Tom Cox, it is thought, was fatally injured.

## RIEL'S REBELLION.

Great Excitement in Ottawa—Troops to Start at Once—A Battle Between Major Crozier's Command and the Rebels.

OTTAWA, March 27.—In the Commons to-night the following telegram, from ex-Colonel Irwin to Sir John McDonald, dated at Fort Carlton, via Winnipeg, March 27, 1885, was read by the Premier:

The party under my command has just arrived at Fort Carlton. I found that Major Crozier with a party of 100, had gone to Duck Lake to secure a large quantity of supplies there stored. The rebels fired on the party, and Major Crozier's force of police and civilians, the rebels fired on the party, and Major Crozier, owing to the disadvantage at which he was taken, retreated in a good order, and arrived at the fort at the same time as my party. Ten civilians, of Prince Albert, and two policemen were killed, and four civilians and seven constables wounded. The number of rebels killed is not known. The police and civilians acted with the greatest bravery under heavy fire. The killed are: Constables, S. J. Gibson and G. A. Arnold; civilians, Captain John Menton, Wm. Napier, James Barclay, Robert Middleton, D. Mackenzie, D. McNair, Charles Newell, Joseph Anderson and Alexander Fisher. The wounded are: Captain Moore, leg broken; A. McNabb, W. R. Mackley and Alexander Stewart. Northwest Mounted Police Inspector J. Howe, Gornal Gilchrist and Constable Garrett, W. F. Forster, A. M. Smith, J. O. Moore and A. Miller.

The reading of the dispatch caused intense excitement, and detachments of A and B batteries of Kingston and Quebec, and the Queen's Own and Tenth Royal, Toronto, and the Infantry School, under command of Colonel Otter, received marching orders, and will proceed via the Canadian Pacific Railroad to the Northwest without delay.

The Humane Society Sue the Pennsylvania Road.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Suit was begun in the Federal Court here to-day against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, to compel compliance with the law requiring that stock in transit be given five hours rest every twenty-four hours on the road. This suit is understood to be at the instance of the American Humane Society, and will be of special interest in the West to railroads and stock men, as the society, at a recent meeting in Pittsburgh, resolved to hire attorneys in the principal cities, where there are stock yards, to prosecute violators of the law. This is the first case under the statute in the West.

## Illinois Senatorship.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 27.—On joint ballot eighty-one members answered. One vote was cast for J. C. Black. Adjourned.

## FROM ACROSS THE SEA.

Matters Not Looking So Warlike as During the Past Few Days—Russia Talks Peace.

Nothing of Importance from the Sudan—No Advance Yet—French Operations Criticized.

## AFGHANISTAN.

The Reception of Lord Dufferin at Rawalpindi by the Ameer of Afghanistan and the Panjab Chiefs.

RAWALPINDI, March 27.—Lord Dufferin, the Viceroy of India, arrived here and was accorded a most imposing reception by Abdurrahman, the Ameer of Afghanistan. The Ameer in his address of welcome hoped the council, which the Earl had come so far to attend, would be so guided as to insure an honorable and lasting peace. In reply Lord Dufferin said he was glad his first public act as Viceroy of India was to cultivate friendly relations with the sovereigns of States continuous with the frontiers of India. "I trust," continued Lord Dufferin, "that the friendly reception which is about to be accorded me, as Her Majesty's representative, by the Ameer, will prove to all our neighbors our gran intention and our anxious desire to respect their rights."

At the railway depot of Rawalpindi there were assembled, when the train carrying Lord Dufferin arrived, the Panjab chiefs, General Stewart, General Roberts, General Harding and a number of other high officials. After an interchange of official and personal greetings, Lord Dufferin proceeded to the camp. The route was lined with troops, and the military display was very effective. The soldiers greeted the Viceroy with great enthusiasm, and the authorities of Rawalpindi, later in the day, presented Lord Dufferin with an address, declaring their loyalty to Her British Majesty, the Empress of India, and expressing their appreciation of the honor done Rawalpindi in selecting it as the meeting place of the council.

The address of the Rawalpindi authorities concluded with the following statement: "This recognition of our dignity will confirm that confidence in us which has been so long established, and which is daily receiving expression from all the rulers of India." Lord Dufferin responded to the Rawalpindi address very happily, and ended by saying: "The offers of loyalty and service made upon this occasion are most eloquent proofs of England's steadfast good faith, and the noble confidence of our friends."

The Cause of the Calling Out of the Reserves and Militia—How the Call is Received.

LONDON, March 27.—Great preparations are being made at Aldershot for the reception of the army reserve forces and the militia called out by the Queen's message. Quarters are ready at Chatham for a large force. The greatest activity prevails in the Ordnance Department in hastening the armament of vessels ordered for immediate service. Extra hands are employed. All available quarters at Chelsea have been made ready for occupation. It is reported that the naval reserve will be immediately called out for service. The government has given a contract for 100,000 uniforms.

The Globe says that a proposal partaking of the nature of an ultimatum was telegraphed by the government to St. Petersburg yesterday. It requested at the same time that the Russian Government should send an answer that would reach Downing street not later than Monday next.

The Globe also declares the Earl of Granville, on the 16th inst., proposed to Russia that both Russians and Afghans should withdraw from that portion of territory at present subject of dispute, and remain outside of it during the continuation of the negotiations then in progress at London. To this proposal Russia sent no reply until last Wednesday. She refused to accede to England's proposition on the ground that the withdrawal of her troops would be a source of humiliation to Russia. After this answer was received the Cabinet decided to embody the reserves and the militia, and send the ultimatum already referred to.

In the event of war 25,000 militia will be assigned to garrison duty in Ireland, and that number of regulars will be released for active service.

The total reserve force of the English Navy in 1884 was 20,500. The Queen's message calling out the reserves and militia for permanent service has been received by the country with great enthusiasm. The enthusiasm is specially marked at the various military stations throughout the kingdom. Everywhere active efforts are being exerted to get barracks ready for the reserves and have arms and accoutrements at hand to equip them. The immense stores of arms at the tower are ready to be distributed when required. The war feeling is strong among the reserves, and many had already joined the guards before orders summoning them to service were received.

LONDON, March 27.—Active preparations are making to get all the available cruisers and ironclads belonging to the navy into a condition for active service as soon as possible. It is known that the destination of these vessels in the Baltic Sea and the Black Sea, the entrance to the latter, however, being conditioned on the assent of Turkey.

The members of the Third Royal Fusiliers and Fifth Rifle Brigade are responding largely to the Queen's call for volunteers to serve with the regulars.

Reinforcements for India to be Sent Immediately.

LONDON, March 27.—The request for reinforcements by Lord Dufferin, Viceroy of India, states that if war be declared India requires twenty-three regiments of infantry, three regiments of cavalry, two batteries of field artillery and eighteen batteries of horse artillery to be dispatched to India forthwith. The mobilization committee and transport department are busily engaged in arranging to collect and forward these troops. Several of the swiftest ocean steamers have been chartered for the transport service, including the America and Arizona. Orders have been sent to the Mediterranean stations to have all

the magazines overhauled, to see that the ammunition on hand is up to the normal standard in quality and quantity, and to prepare all gunboats and torpedo vessels at the stations for sea service.

More Favorable Prospects of Peace.

LONDON, March 27.—The subsidence of the stock panic is due to reports that only a limited number of reserves will be called out, and to the cessation of orders from Berlin to sell, and to the diminution of English "bear" dealings.

The London Globe's statement that the British Government yesterday sent a proposal in the nature of an ultimatum to the Russian Government is discredited here.

Sir Peter Lumsden, of the English Boundary Commission, has sent to London a report of the engineer officers on the Commission, which states that the strategic position of Penjdeh is superior to that of Herat.

It is reported that the Russian Ambassador at London has received from the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs a favorable reply to England's proposals concerning the outpost on the Afghan frontier. Russia, according to this report, agrees to give the Joint Afghan Boundary Commission power to examine for a line of delimitation from Zalkhan Pass to Anandaria on the north, and from Sarakho to Anandaria on the south, but before opening the labors of the commission, Deljiers asked that the Afghans withdraw from Penjdeh.

Russia and Herat.

PARIS, March 27.—Captain Abknoff, Governor of Merv, who induced the Khan of Merv and other chiefs to petition Russia for annexation, in an interview to-day said: "Russia should seize Herat before England can get an opportunity to fortify it. Russia will never have a better chance of securing Herat than at the present."

## SUDAN AFFAIRS.

The Coolies Have Struck for Higher Wages—Graham Will Advance When the Water Supply is Fixed.

SUALEH, March 27.—The coolies have struck for higher wages. It is feared they have been led to take this stand through the influence of the rebels. The agents of the rebels repeatedly cut the telegraph wires. The enemy have a fear that these connect with hidden mines. Some shots were fired by the Arabs into the zereba last night, but without casualties. General Graham will advance as soon as the water transport system is completed.

## An American Irishman With Oman Digns.

LONDON, March 27.—The Egyptian Government is informed that an American Irishman, name not known, started from Chicago in January last to assist the Sudanese in their warfare against the British troops. He sailed from New York in January last and went from France to Ceylon, where he remained some time, and had several long interviews with Arabi Pasha, the exiled leader of the Egyptian uprising of 1882. He obtained credentials from Arabi Pasha commencing him to El Mahdi and his followers, and he has now made his way to the camp of Oman Digns, near Suakin.

Talk of the Italians Relieving Kassala.

SUALEH, March 27.—Advices from Kassala, on the 5th inst., state that the garrison is still resisting. It is reported that negotiations, with a view to attempt to relieve the garrison by the Italian troops at Massowah, is in progress.

## GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The French Press on General Negrier's Defeat at Dong-Dong.

PARIS, March 27.—All the morning newspapers contain articles on the French reverses at Dong-Dong. A few editorials severely criticize the government for dilatoriness in sending reinforcements to Tonquin, but the majority are very warm in denunciation of the Cabinet's Chinese policy.

Rochebert has an editorial in the Intransigent on the debate in the Chamber of Deputies last evening on the interpellation upon the present State of the Franco-Chinese war. The article concludes with the following words: "Cease to question ministers and invoke the guillotine."

The Gaieties says thirteen French officers were killed at Dong-Dong on Monday and Tuesday's fight, and declares that General Negrier's position is exceedingly precarious. One hundred and forty thousand Chinese troops are massed on the frontier not far distant.

The Figaro urges that the French forces immediately march upon Canton.

## Negotiations Still Progressing.

LONDON, March 27.—In the House of Lords this evening Granville in replying to the Marquis of Salisbury said there was nothing indicating a tendency to flinch on the part of the Government regarding the Afghan question. The Government was firmly adhering to the policy agreed upon by both great political parties, while at the same time they were availing themselves of every means to arrive at a satisfactory solution of the difficulty. He was unable to fix the date when the negotiations would be concluded. Russia was now considering England's dispatch. England considered Russia bound by the recent agreement. In the meantime the Ameer of Afghanistan had instructed his chiefs to observe neutrality.

## Regarding the Anglo-Russian Dispute.

BERLIN, March 27.—The North German Gazette, Bismarck's organ, states that during the recent official visit of Count Herbert Bismarck to London, the relations between Russia and England were not discussed. The Gazette also says it is not true that Emperor William communicated with the Czar on the Afghan dispute between Russia and England.

## Another Blockade Proposed.

PARIS, March 27.—The newspapers urge that only the blockading of the Gulf of Pechee Lee will have any serious effect upon the Chinese Government.

The Senate adopted the bill increasing the duties on cereals.

## Boat Race in New South Wales.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 27.—There is considerable excitement manifested here over to-morrow's boat race between Hanlan and

Beach. Both men are in excellent condition; the betting is even.

Cable Clitics.

Queen Victoria will start for Aix-les-Bains on Monday.

Another Italian iron-clad has sailed for the Red Sea.

Spain has been invited to join in the Suez Canal conference.

The Australian contingent for the Sudan has arrived at Aden.

The Egyptian budget shows a deficit for the fiscal year 1884 of \$4,215,000.

A Russian telegraph line has been opened between Askaniya, Sarakhs and Merv.

The British War Office has made a call for 53,000 reserves and 140,000 militia.

The new man-of-war, Pylades has been ordered completed with the utmost dispatch.

General Wolsey, having inspected and approved of the summer cantonment of the troops, has retired to Dongola.

Miss Van Zandt has written a letter to the director of the Opera Comique, saying she will not sing in Paris any more.

The Pope yesterday at a secret consistory nominated several bishops to sees in America and elsewhere. He delivered a short allocution.

The London stock market closed with an improved feeling. The fortnightly settlement was concluded without the occurrence of any failures.

The examination in London of Cunningham and Burton has been finished. Both men yesterday afternoon were formally committed for trial on a charge of treason felony.

## The War in Central America.

LA LIBERTAD, San Salvador, March 27.—via Galveston.—The forces of Honduras and San Salvador have had several skirmishes. The armies of Guatemala and Honduras are acting in harmony. San Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa Rica have formed an alliance to protect themselves against the revolutionary scheme of President Barrios. San Salvador puts her whole army in the field, Nicaragua provides 4,000 men and Costa Rica sends 2,000. Costa Rica at the same time contributes \$100,000 toward the expenses of the war.

President Beldivar, of San Salvador, will assume the chief command of the allied forces; President Cardenas, of Nicaragua, will be second in command, and General Soto, of Costa Rica, will probably take the third place.

## Dr. Douglas on General Grant.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Dr. Douglas' bulletin to-night regarding General Grant is as follows: "General Grant last night tried to sleep without the assistance of any opiate. He did not succeed. He was awake till 4 and 5 o'clock this morning. Then he took an opiate, and at 5 fell asleep and slept five hours; then he breakfasted and afterwards drove in the park with Mrs. Grant. He had a quiet day, and in the afternoon the General, Minister Romero and myself drove through the park. The drives did the patient good. His pulse and temperature are about normal. His throat to-night looks quite well. He went to bed at 10 o'clock to-night, and will again try to sleep without assistance, but will not wait as long as last night, if not successful."

## St. Louis Democratic Convention.

ST. LOUIS, March 27.—The Democratic City Convention met again this morning at 11:30. R. A. Campbell, ex-Lieutenant Governor, was nominated for Comptroller; John G. Martin for Auditor; Fred Espenchied for Treasurer; H. Clay Sexton, Chief of Fire Department, was nominated for Collector.

For Register, Daniel O'Connor Tracy; President of the Board of Assessors, John J. O'Brien; President of the Council, G. W. Allen. Six members of the Council were also nominated.

The Filley faction of the Republican party and the Greenbackers will probably nominate tickets next week.

## Victoria Alarmed.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 27.—Press and private dispatches received here from Victoria, B. C., state that considerable alarm prevails over the unprotected situation of that province. The failure of Great Britain to provide for the safety of her dockyard and coal station creates much comment. There is only one ship at that station, and the Russian fleet is reported to be only eighteen days' sail from Victoria.

## CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Congressman N. B. Eldridge is seriously ill at his home in Adrian, Mich.

The New York spring sale of trotting stock is ended. In all 203 horses were sold and \$68,000 realized.

At Raleigh, N. C., John and Parker Gaskins were found guilty of the murder of Nixon Moore. All are colored.

The Arkansas Legislature adjourned sine die yesterday. The House passed a resolution of sympathy with General Grant.